Q.P. Code: 39315

,	Time 3 hours					27.70 0.07	N	Iarks 80	
	Note: Question		-	v					
	Attempt any 3	Questions 1	from the	Remaining	g Questions		3337 344 36		
1	F 1: C 1	11'4 N.C. 4			.9	200000000	A 8 8 8		
	Explain Capab	•	•		. 0.11		334400		
	Explain layere				ering? How	quality of soft	ware can b	be affected by	50.
	wrong selection				lavalar ava	Lity activior		327000	500
	What is agility What are the d				ievelop qua	my software	1,2 2000 C		33
	What are the d	interent des	ngn princi	ipies.			3, 7, 7, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2,	20000	
2				20 N	2000			4 2 2 3 3 C C	
_	Explain Spiral	model Ho	w protypi	ng is used i	n eniral mo	dal		N. You B. Boy	
	Explain Spirar Explain Scrum			(SV 0.V' V	ii spirai iio				-
	Explain Scruii	i agiic ucvc	юринені і	HOGEL S	2 4 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8			18 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	•
3			×	12 2 20 3 C	0,82 A				
3	Defference bet	tuyaan Alnh	a and Rat	a Tacting A	Jarification	and Validation	a White h	ov and Black	
	Box testing	tween Aipii	a and bei	a resumg, v	enneauon	and varidation	ii, vy iiite o	ox and black	-
	Draw CFG an	d calculate	cyclomat	ic complexi	ty for the g	iven PDL	18 2 T		
	if(c1 or c2 and					2000000	K By		•
	else while (c4					4.4.00000	87		
	s3;	St. St.	475000			N. V. V. A. B. B. B.			
		St. A. B.							
4			£ 5000			7,43,23,34			
	What are the different requirement engineering tasks? Why identifying software requirements is difficult?								
	Explain includ	les and exte	nds in use	e case diagr	am with exa	ample			(
	An application	V. EV-X VOOX		0 VO A K. S.		. / -	addition, s	ubtraction,	(
	multiplication.			Y		-			
				7 26 6 6	82 T				
5.	27200000000000000000000000000000000000			XX 2 200	206				
	Explain risk m	anagement	process.	Prepare RM	IMM plan f	or the identifie	ed risk "Te	eam members	
8	will leave the			I WINT WINT					
	What is the ne	ed of SCM	in softwa	re engineer	ing? Explai	n change conti	ol		1
200		13 2 2 2 C							
6.	2 2 8 8 8 8 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	2000 D							
D'E	Estimate minii	mum time r	equired fo	or the given	project				
5	Task	TTST	T2	T3	T4	T5	T6	T7	
V K	Dependency	6 6 6 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	TIV	T6	T2	T1,T4	-	T1,T6	_
	Duration in	4000	2	4	4	2	4	2	

Explain quality attributes in deatail

b)

	Time – 3 hrs.	Marks 80
2. Att 3. Fig	tempt any 3 questions out of remaining 5 questions. gures to the right indicate full marks.	
a	Compare NOS and DOS	5 M
b	What are various kind of message buffering techniques used	
	in IPC.	5 M
c		5 M
d		2,2,3,9,6,9
	with a diagram.	5 M
a	Describe the need for coordinator in distributed system.	
	Demonstrate the working of Election algorithm.	10 M
b	What are the components of CORBA? List the advantages	
Ü	of CORBA.	10 M
a	Describe desirable features of a good message passing system.	10 M
b	Explain client centric consistency model in distributed system.	10 M
		1034
		10 M
D	Describe different distributed computing models.	10 M
a	Describe various transparencies in distributed system.	10 M
b	Explain need of deadlock detection algorithm.	
	Explain probe based distributed deadlock detection algorithm	. 10 M
Write	e short note on (Any two)	20 M
a	Group communication	
b	. NET architecture	
S O S	RPC communication protocol	
	2. Att 3. Fig 4. Ass a b c d write a b	 Question no.1 is compulsory. Attempt any 3 questions out of remaining 5 questions. Figures to the right indicate full marks. Assume suitable data wherever necessary. Compare NOS and DOS What are various kind of message buffering techniques used in IPC. What are Roles in EJB? Explain Service Oriented Architecture (SOA) lifecycle with a diagram. Describe the need for coordinator in distributed system. Demonstrate the working of Election algorithm. What are the components of CORBA? List the advantages of CORBA. Describe desirable features of a good message passing system. Explain client centric consistency model in distributed system. Describe different distributed computing models. Describe various transparencies in distributed system. Explain need of deadlock detection algorithm. Explain probe based distributed deadlock detection algorithm Write short note on (Any two) Group communication NET architecture

56761 Page 1 of 1

Time: 3 hours Marks: 80

- **N.B.** 1. Question 1 is compulsory
 - 2. Attempt any three questions out of the remaining five questions
- Q.1 (a) Demonstrate with a diagram the process of KDD. (5)
 - (b) Describe the different types of attributes one may come across (5) in data mining with two examples of each.
 - (c) Use k means clustering to cluster the following data into 2 (5) clusters. 2,3,4,10,11,12,20,25,30.
 - (d) Find Mean, median, mode for a given data. Show box plot. (5) 11,13,13,15,15,16,19,20,20,21,21,22,23,24,30,40,45,45,45
- Q.2 (a) Illustrate any one classification technique for the following
 dataset. Show how we can classify new
 tuple(HOMEOWNER=Yes, Status= Employed,
 Income=Average)

ID	Homeowner	Status	Income	Defaulted
100	Yes	Employed	High	No
2	No	Business	Average	No
3	No	Employed	Low	No
4	Yes	Business	High	No
500	No	UnEmployed	Average	Yes
6	No	Business	Low	No
7	Yes	UnEmployed	High	No
8	No	Employed	Average	Yes
9	No	Business	Low	No
10	No	Employed	Average	Yes

(b) Explain different methods that can be used to evaluate and compare the accuracy of different classification algorithms.

(a) Explain multilevel and multi dimensional association rules (10)Q.3 with examples. (b) What is market basket analysis? Give Apriori algorithm (10)Q.4 (a) Discuss Supervised, Semi supervised and Unsupervised outlier (10)detection methods. (b) What is the need of pre-processing. Explain the different steps (10)involved in data pre-processing. Q.5 Explain simple linear regression with example (10)(b) Define BI and give its architecture. Explain any business (10)application where data mining can be used. (a) Use any hierarchical clustering algorithm to cluster the (10)Q.6 following into 3 clusters. a1=(2,10), a2=(2,5),a3=(8,4),a4=(5,8),a5=(7,5),a6=(6,4),a7=(1,2),a8=(4,9)(b) Explain DBSCAN algorithm with example. (10)

66608 Page 2 of 2

Paper / Subject Code: 37303 / SYSTEM AND WEB SECURITY

	(3 Hours)	[Total Marks: 80]
	N.B.: (1) Question No. 1 is compulsory.	
	(2) Solve any three questions out of remaining five.	
	(3) Figures to right indicate full marks.	
	(4)Assume suitable data where necessary .	
1.	a) Explain Biometric authentication.	
	b) Explain Vulnerability, Threat and Attack.	
	c) What is Distributed Denial of Service Attack?	\$2,000 (5)
	d) Describe TCP Syn Flood attack.	
2.	a) Explain different types of Firewalls that can be used to secure a netw	ork. [10]
	b) Explain RSA algorithm for public key encryption. Given modulus N	
	public key = 7, find the values of p, q, phi(n), and pivate key d. Can value of $e = 5$? Justify.	
3.	a) What is Digital Signature? Explain how it is created by sender and vereceiver.	erified by [10]
	b) What is session hijacking? Give two ways to prevent a session hijack	ing attack. [10]
4.	a) What are the different approaches to Software Reverse Engineering?	[10]
	b) Explain the need of Intrusion Detection System (IDS)? Differentiate	
	signature based and anomaly based IDS.	
5.	a) What are the file system vulnerabilities for a Linux system?	[10]
٠.	b) What is SSO? Explain the working of Kerberos Authentication Proto	
		[10]
6.		
	a) Honey Pots	[5]
13	b) Secure email	[5]
100	c) Federated Identity Management	[5]
	d) CIA Security goals	[5]
	e) Incomplete Mediation	[5]
30	\$ \$ \chi \chi \chi \chi \chi \chi \chi \chi	
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