

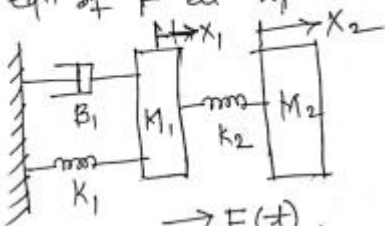
University of Mumbai
Examination Second Half 2021 under cluster 06
(Lead College: Vidyavardhini's College of Engg Tech)
Examinations Commencing from 22nd November 2021 to 5th January 2022

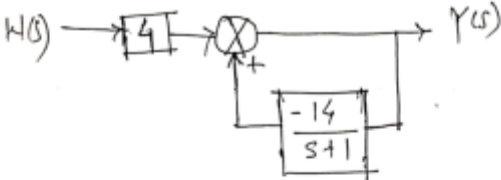
Program: **Electronics Engineering**
Curriculum Scheme: Rev2019
Examination: TE Semester V
Course Code: ELC_ 501 and Course Name: PCS

Time: 2 hour 30 minutes

Max. Marks: 80

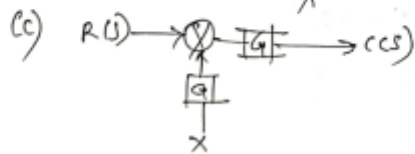
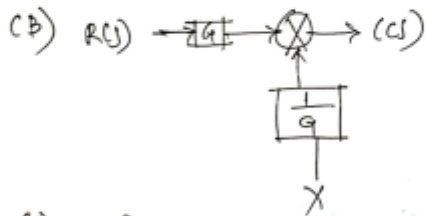
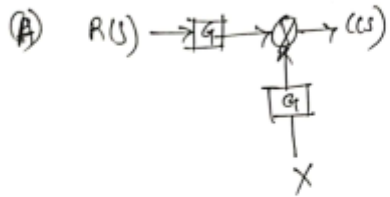
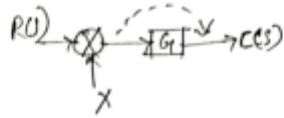
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Q1.	Choose the correct option for following questions. All the Questions are compulsory and carry equal marks
1.	What is the Laplace Transform of impulse function
Option A:	S
Option B:	1
Option C:	1/S
Option D:	A
2.	<p>For the mechanical system write the eqn of F at x_1</p>  <p>→ $F(t)$.</p> <p>(A) $F = M_1 \frac{d^2 x_1}{dt^2} + k_1 x_1 + \beta_1 \frac{dx_1}{dt} + k_2 (x_1 - x_2)$</p> <p>(B) $F = M_1 \frac{dx_1}{dt} + k_1 x_1 + \beta_1 \frac{d^2 x_1}{dt^2} + k_2 (x_1 - x_2)$</p> <p>(C) $F = M_1 \frac{d^2 x_1}{dt^2} + k_1 x_1 + \beta_1 \frac{dx_1}{dt} + k_2 (x_2 - x_1)$</p> <p>(D) $F = M_1 \frac{d^2 x_1}{dt^2} + k_2 x_2 + \beta_1 \frac{dx_1}{dt} + k_2 (x_1 - x_2)$</p>
Option A:	
Option B:	
Option C:	
Option D:	

n D:	
3.	<p>Which is the formula for acceleration error coefficient</p> <p>(A) $K_a = \lim_{s \rightarrow 0} G(s)H(s)$</p> <p>(B) $K_a = \lim_{s \rightarrow 0} s G(s)H(s)$</p> <p>(C) $K_a = \lim_{s \rightarrow 0} s^2 G(s)H(s)$</p> <p>(D) $K_a = \lim_{s \rightarrow 0} s^3 G(s)H(s)$</p>
Option A:	
Option B:	
Option C:	
Option D:	
4.	 <p>What should be $\frac{Y(s)}{W(s)} = ?$</p> <p>(A) $\frac{4(s+1)}{s+4+14}$</p> <p>(B) $\frac{4(s+1)}{s+14}$</p> <p>(C) $\frac{4(s+1)}{s+1+15}$</p> <p>(D) $\frac{4(s+1)}{s+15}$</p>
Option A:	
Option B:	
Option C:	
Option D:	

5.

Which is correct



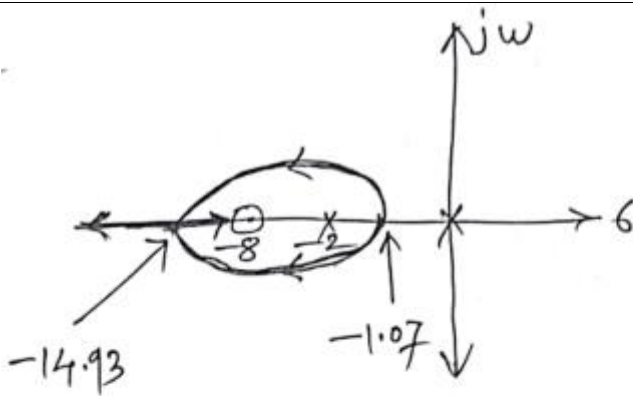
Option A:

Option B:

Option C:

Option D:

6.



For the shown Root locus
Comment on stability

- (A) Absolutely stable
- (B) Marginally stable
- (C) Relatively stable
- (D) Unstable .

Option A:

Option B:

Option C:

Option D:

7.

What is the formula to calculate angle of asymptotes.

$$(A) \quad \phi_A = \frac{(2q) 180}{n-m}$$

$$(B) \quad \phi_A = \frac{(2q) 180}{m-n}$$

$$(C) \quad \phi_A = \frac{(2q+1) 180}{n-m}$$

$$(D) \quad \phi_A = \frac{(2q+1) 180}{m-n}$$

Where n is number of poles
 m is number of zeros.

Option A:

Option B:

Option C:

Option D:

8.

To exist a resonant peak ζ should be

(A) $\zeta > 1$

(B) $\zeta < 1$

(C) $\zeta < 0.707$

(D) $\zeta > 0.707$

Option A:

Option B:

Option C:

Option D:

9.

For the function

$$G(s)H(s) = \frac{K(s+8)}{s(s+2)} \quad \text{What are}$$

(i) Number of Loci (ii) Number of Loci ending at ∞ .

(A) 2, 2

(B) 1, 2

(C) 1, 1

(D) 2, 1

Option A:

Option B:

Option C:

Option D:

10.	<p>If two poles at origin i.e.</p> $\frac{1}{s^2} = \frac{1}{(j\omega)^2}$ <p>It contribute the slope for the magnitude plot.</p> <p>(A) 20dB/dec</p> <p>(B) -20dB/dec</p> <p>(C) 40dB/dec</p> <p>(D) -40dB/dec.</p>
Option A:	
Option B:	
Option C:	
Option D:	

Q2	
A	Solve any Two 5 marks each
i.	Compare and Contrast Open loop and Closed loop Control Systems.
ii.	For the Characteristic equation Find the stability $F(S) = S^4 + 6S^3 + 26S^2 + 56S + 80 + 0$
iii.	Explain the Routh Hurwitz Criteria for determining the stability of a system.
B	Solve any One 10 marks each
i.	Find the Transfer Function $C(S)/R(S)$
	<p style="text-align: center;">Figure 3(a)</p>
ii.	The state equation of a linear time-invariant system is given below:

