## **University of Mumbai**

Program: **Cyber Security**Curriculum Scheme: Rev2019
Examination: SE Semester: III

Course Code: CSC302 Course Name: Discrete Structures and Graph Theory

Time: 2 hour 30 minutes Max. Marks: 80

| Q1.          | Choose the correct option for following questions. All the Questions are compulsory and carry equal marks 02 marks each   |  |  |
|--------------|---|--|--|
| 1.           | In how many ways can one go from (-2; -2) to (2; 2) without crossing (0; 0), if in one step one can move either one co-ordinate horizontally or vertically? (One only moves up and to the rightand cannot come back.) |  |  |
| Option A:    | 70  |  |  |
| Option B:    | 36  |  |  |
| Option C:    | 48  |  |  |
| Option D:    | 34  |  |  |
| 2. Option A: | An algebraic structure is called a semigroup.  (S, *)   |  |  |
| Option A.    |   |  |  |
| Option B:    | (S, +, *)   |  |  |
| Option C:    | (S, +)  |  |  |
| Option D:    | (+,*)   |  |  |
| 3.           | Determine whether the following graphs are isomorphic. if yes select correct correspondence.  |  |  |
| Option A:    | no  |  |  |
| Option B:    | yes, a -> a', b -> b', c -> c', d -> d', e -> e'  |  |  |
| Option C:    | yes, a -> a', b -> c', c -> e', d -> b', e -> d'  |  |  |
| Option D:    | none of above   |  |  |
| 4.           | Select correct definition for regular graph   |  |  |
| Option A:    | A simple graph of n vertices in which the degree of each vertex is (n-1)  |  |  |

| Option B: | A graph in which every vertex has the same degree   |  |  |
|-----------|---|--|--|
| Option C: | Drawing the diagram of a given graph in such a way that no two edges intersect  |  |  |
| Option D: | none of above   |  |  |
| 5.        | Check for additive group Z4 and multiplicative group non zero Z5  |  |  |
| Option A: | is isomorphic   |  |  |
| Option B: | is not isomorphic   |  |  |
| Option C: | is homomorphic and Isomorphic   |  |  |
| Option D: | none of above   |  |  |
| 6.        | Let f and g be the function from the set of integers to itself, defined by $f(x) = 2x + 1$ and $g(x) = 3x + 4$ . Then the composition of f and g is   |  |  |
| Option A: | 6x + 9  |  |  |
| Option B: | 6x + 7  |  |  |
| Option C: | 6x + 6  |  |  |
| Option D: | 6x + 8  |  |  |
| 7.        | What equation would you form for "the product of three consecutive numbers is divisible by 6" to proof by Mathematical Induction.   |  |  |
| Option A: | n(2n)(3n)=6m  |  |  |
| Option B: | n(n+1)(n+2)=6m  |  |  |
| Option C: | n*m*p=6m  |  |  |
| Option D: | none of above   |  |  |
| 8.        | For the statement "If I come early then I can get a car". Select correct contrapositive statement.  |  |  |
| Option A: | If I cannot get a car then I cannot come early  |  |  |
| Option B: | If I cannot come early then I cannot get a car  |  |  |
| Option C: | If I can get a car then I can come early  |  |  |
| Option D: | None of above   |  |  |
| opiion B. |   |  |  |
| 9.        | Let $A = \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$ , and let $R = \{(1, 2), (2, 3), (3, 4), (2, 1)\}$ . Find the transitive closure of $R$ .  |  |  |
| Option A: | $R = \{(1,1),(1,2),(1,3)(1,4),(2,1),(2,2),(2,3),(2,4),(3,4)\}$  |  |  |
| Option B: | $R = \{(1,1),(1,2),(1,3)(1,4),(2,1),(2,2),(2,3),(2,4),(3,4),(4,3)\}$  |  |  |
| Option C: | $R = \{(1,1),(1,2),(1,3),(1,4),(2,2),(2,3),(2,4),(3,4)\}$   |  |  |
| Option D: | None  |  |  |
| 10.       | Let the students who likes table tennis be 12, the ones who like lawn tennis 10, those who like only table tennis are 6, then number of students who likes only lawn tennis are, assuming there are total of 16 students. |  |  |
| Option A: | 16  |  |  |
| Option B: | 10  |  |  |
| Option C: | 4   |  |  |
| Option D: | 8   |  |  |
|           |   |  |  |

| Q2 | Solve any Two Questions out of Three 10 marks each  |  |  |
|----|---|--|--|
| A  | Prove that the set G= { 1,2,3,4,5,6} is a Finite Abelian group of order 6 with respect to multiplication modulo 7.  |  |  |
| В  | ) Let A={ a, b, c, d} and x be a relation on A whose matrix is $ M_R = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} $ Prove that R is partial order. Draw Hasse diagram of R. |  |  |
| C  | Write Prims Algorithm. Apply it to following graph.   |  |  |

| Q3. | Solve any Four Questions out of Six  | 5 marks each |
|-----|--|--------------|
| A   | Prove by Mathematical Induction method - $1^2 + 2^2 + 3^2 + \dots + n^2 = \frac{n(n+1)(2n+1)}{6}$  |              |
| В   | Define group; monoid, semigroup:   |              |
| С   | Find out Hamiltonian path and Hamiltonian cycl   | e.           |
| D   | $R = \{O,2,4,6,8\}$ . Show that R is a commutative ring under addition and . multiplication modulo 10. Verify whether it is field or not |              |
| Е   | Let L be the bounded distributive lattice. Prove that if complement exist then it is unique  |              |
| F   | If f is a homomorphism from a commutative semigroup (S, *) onto a Semigroup (T, *'). Then prove that (T, *') is also commutative.        |              |

| Q4. |   |              |
|-----|---|--------------|
| A   | Solve any Two   | 5 marks each |
| i.  | Check whether relation is reflection transitive.  R1 = {(1, 1),(1,2),(2,1),(2,2),(3,2),(1,3),(1,1),(3,1),(1,2),(3,3)} |              |

| ii.  | Define planar.graph. What are the necessary and sufficient Conditions to exist Euler path, Euler circuit and Hamiltonian Circuit? |  |  |
|------|---|--|--|
| iii. | Let L be the bounded distributive lattice. Prove that if complement exist   |  |  |
| 111. | Then it is unique.  |  |  |
| В    | Solve any One   | 10 marks each                            |  |
| i    | Prove that if x is a rational number and y is an irrational number, then $x + y$  |  |  |
| 1.   | is an irrational number.  |  |  |
| ii.  | In any Ring (R + .) prove that  | i) The zero element z is unique. ii) The |  |
| 11.  | additive inverse of each ring elen  | nent is unique.                          |  |