Sub: SPCC

Q.P. Code: 581500

		(3 Hours) [Total Marks :	800
		(1) Question No. 1 is compulsory. (2) Attempt any three from the remaining questions. (3) Assume suitable data if necessary. (4) Figures to the right indicate full marks. What is the role of an automata in compiler design.	5
** Y 75**		(1) Question No. 1 is compulsory.	
IN.	в. :	(2) Attempt any three from the remaining questions.	
		(2) Attempt any three from the rotation (3) Assume suitable data if necessary.	
		(4) Figures to the right indicate full marks.	
		(4) Figures to the right motoate rail mains.	
		What is the role of an automata in compiler design.	5
i.	(a)		5
	(b)	Elliminate Left recursion in the following grammar (Remove Direct and Indirect recursion) S A a b	
		Indirect recursion)	
		$S \rightarrow Aa \mid b$	
		A-Ac Sd E What is an activation record? Draw diagram of General Activation record	5
	(c)	and explain the purpose of different fields of an activation record.	
		What is the difference between Compiler and Interpreter.	5
	(d)	What is the difference between complici and more	
		Explain with an example Quadruples, Triples, Indirect triples.	10
2.	(a)	What is the difference between Dynamic Doading and Dynamic Linking	10
	(b)	What is the difference between Dynamic victorials	
		explain with an example	
		YAYYA compiler environment	5
3.		Write a note on JAVA compiler environment.	5
	(b)	Write a brief note on Design of an Editor. Explain synthesized and Inherited attributes used in Syntax Directed	5
	(c)	Explain synthesized and inherited attributes used in Synthesized at Inherited attributes used in Synthesized and Inherited attributes used in Synthesized at Inherited attributes used in Synthesized at Inherited attributes used in Synthesized at Inherited at Inherit	
		Definition.	5
	(d)	Find FIRST and FOLLOW Set for given grammar below	
		$E \to TE'$ $E' \to + \mathscr{D}E' \mid \varepsilon$	
		$T \to F T'$ $T' - F T' \mid \varepsilon$	•
	•	$F \rightarrow (E)$ $F \rightarrow id$	
		Explain different Code Optimization technics along with an example.	10
4		we the garage (t) a suppose construct LR(0) narger ISD(6)	10
	(b)	For the following grammar construct LR(0) parser table	
		$S \rightarrow aCDe $	
		$C \to Cbs^{\times}$ $C \to b$	
		$C \rightarrow kC$	
		D d And Parse the string abbebede. Show contents of stack and i/p buffer and	
		And Parse the string abbedde. Show contents of stack and up out of action taken after each step.	
		action taken after each step.	
	•		
	6		

2

5. (a) Draw and explain DAG and represent the following example with it.

(a/b) + (a/b) * (c * d)

- (b) What are the different phases of Compiler? Illustrate compilers internal 10 representation of source program for following statement after each phase Amount = P + P * N * R / 100
- 6. (a) With reference to Assembler explain following tables with suitable example. 10

(i) POT

(ii) MOT

(iii) ST (iv) LT

(b) What are the different issues in design of Code Generator Explain with an cxample.

∛Com.8160-16.

T.E. Comp. Emag.

Dt. 16/05/16

Sub; S.E

Q.P. Code: 581601

1 111	(C) I	Max Mark	s: 80
N.B	.: (1)	Question No. 1 is compulsory.	
		Attempt any three questions out of remaining five.	
	(3)	Figures to the right indicate full marks.	1
			1.
	(4)	Assume suitable data wherever required.	Ele
		08)	86 15
1.	Dev	elop the SRS for the following scenario:-	e de la companya de l
4.4	A se	chool has one or more departments. Department offers one or more subjects.	[20]
	An	articular subject will be offered by only one department. Department has	
	instr	uctors and instructors can work for one or more departments. Students can	
	enro	l in up to 5 subjects in a school. Instructor can teach up to 3 subjects. The	
	same	subject can be taught by the different instructors. Students can be enrolled	
	in m	ore than one school.	
	SRS	for the school should include the following:	
		a. Product perspective	
		b. Scope and objective	
		c. Functional requirements	
		d. Non-Functional requirements	
,	(-)	e subject can be taught by the different instructors. Students can be enrolled ore than one school. for the school should include the following: a. Product perspective b. Scope and objective c. Functional requirements d. Non-Functional requirements	
2.	(a)	Explain and compare F I R and walkthrough.	[10]
	(b)	Explain the process of CMM.	[10]
3.	(a)	Explain coupling & cohesion. Explain different types of coupling &	
*	(4)	cohesion.	[10]
	(b)	What are Agile process and its advantages? Explain any one Agile process.	f i o
		the result of the regime process.	[10]
4 .	(a)	Explain the change control and version control activities in SCM.	[10]
	(b)	Differentiate between black box testing and white box testing. Explain in	[10]
		detail about any one testing tool.	[. ~]
		42	
5.	(a)	What are the different types of maintenance and also explain steps for	[10]
		creating a maintenance log?	
	(b)	What is user interface design process? Explain with one example.	[10]
9	White	a chart wetter the state of the	
).		e short notes on(any two)	
	(a)	Risk management.	[10]
	(b)	Reverse Engineering. Service-Oriented Software Engineering.	[10]
	(d)	Object oriented testing methods.	[10]
	(4)	Toget of terring methods.	[10]
	D	Constitution of the consti	
	× ,		



Distributed Fatabases

Q.P. Code: 581700

[Total Marks: 80 AND SHIP (3 Hours) N.B.: (1) Question No.1 is Compulsory. Attempt any 3 questions out of the rest (2)(3) Figure to the right indicate full marks. All question carry equal marks. What are advantages and disadvantage of Distributed DBMS 5 1. a) 5 b) What are the features of DDBMS? 5 Explain the basic Timestamp Ordering Algorithm. c) 5 What are the objectives of Distributed Query Processing d) What is horizontal and vertical fragmentation? What are the types of 10 2 a) horizontal fragmentation. Perform horizontal fragmentation for student relation as given below. Also give the correctness criteria for it. Student (Studentrollno., Student Name, Ourse Name, Course Fees, year) What are the various kinds of transparencies in distributed database design? 10 Explain each with the help of an example What are the various concurrency control techniques? Compare Lock based 10 3 a) Concurrency Control strategies in detail. Compare Distributed Deadlock prevention to Distributed Deadlock 10 Avoidance, Explain one scheme of Distributed deadlock Detection and Recovery. 10 A banking database should contain the customer's information along with the types of accounts customer is maintaining. Customer information is its full profile information along with his current address, PAN ID, adhar Card no. included and account information should include type of account (Saving, fixed, demat, recuring, current), date and time of access and the transactions details. Write the DTD rules for the above XML documents. 10 Create an XML schema for the above XML document. What are homogenous and heterogeneous database. Give the architecture of heterogeneous databases along with some query processing issues.

			Q.P. Code:	
			10	Paga
	5	a)	What problems can occur in a distributed system due to the failure of link and partitioning of the network? What are the ways by which recovery can take place? Explain the phases of query processing in distributed database.	•
		b)	and partitioning of the network? What are the ways by which recovery can take place? Explain the phases of query processing in distributed database. Swer any two: Bond Energy Algorithm Design issues of Distributed Database 3PC Transaction management model for distributed System.	
		~,	20	Í
	6	Ans	Swer any two:	
		a) b)	Design issues of Distributed Database	
		c)	3PC	
		d)	Transaction management model for distributed System?	
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Mrc comp (CBGS).

correction attached

Q.P. Code: 581800

		(3 Hours) [Total Marks:	800
N	.в.	: (1) Question No.1 is Compulsory. (2) Attempt any Three questions out of remaining questions. (3) Make suitable assumptions whenever necessary.	10
1	a)	Explain in short how Hidden Station Problem is Avoided in WEAN.	10
1.	b)	What are the Deployment issues of WLL?	10
	c)	What are the general problems of satellite signals travelling from a satellite to a receiver?	10
	d)	Explain how Mobile originated call (MOC) work.	
	e)	What are the characteristics of SIM ?	10
2.	a)	Why is Mobile IP packet required to be forwarded through a tunneL Explain IP-in-IP Techniques of encapsulation of mobile IP packet.	10
	b)	What are the modifications require to an existing GSM network to be upgraded to GPRS, Explain with the help of diagram.	10
			10
3.	a)	Explain in detail HIPERLAN/1 physical layer.	
	b)	Explain in detail4G architecture.	10
4.	a)	Explain in detail Bluetooth Erotocol Architecture.	10
	b)	What are the security issues in mobile Computing.	10
5.	a)	Compare HIPERLANZ, BLUETOOTH, IEEE 802.11.	
	b)	What are the different types of Handover in GSM ?Explain in Detail Intra-MSC handover.	
6.		rite short notes on the following.	20
	a)	Role of SWMR register in satellite roaming.	
	b)	Android components.	
	c)	Location management HLR-VLR scheme.	
	d)	Digital Signature.	
		P' .	



Course: T.E. (SEM.-VI) (REV. -2012) (CBSGS) (COMPUTER ENGG.) (Prog-T2826)

QP Code 581800 (2nd Query)

Correction

Q. no .1

Will carry 20 marks each sub question will carry 4 marks.

Q. No. 5 B

Will carry 10 marks

Date and Time 26/05/2016 03:13 PM

