## Program: Computer Engineering Curriculum Scheme: Rev 2016

Examination: ME Semester: I

Course Code: CSDLO1014 Course Name: Computational Intelligence

Time: 2 hour Max. Marks: 80

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Q1.	Choose the correct option for following questions. All the Questions are compulsory and carry equal marks				
1.	In supervised learning				
Option A:	classes are not predefined				
Option B:	classes are predefined				
Option C:	classes are not required				
Option D:	classification is not done				
2.	How is perceptron different from Mc Culloch pitts model of neuron?				
Option A:	Perceptron introduced the concept of only binary weights for input.				
Option B:	Perceptron has the mechanism to learn.				
Option C:	In perceptron inputs are limited to Boolean values				
Option D:	Perceptron uses only linear activation functions				
3.	Which of the following kinds of classification problems can be solved by a perceptron?				
Option A:	Non-linearly separable				
Option B:	Linearly separable				
Option C:	Fully solvable				
Option D:	Partially solvable				
4	L. D. H. D. L. C				
4.	In Delta Rule for error minimization				
Option A:	weights are adjusted with respect to change in the output				
Option B:	weights are adjusted with respect to difference between desired output and actual output				
Option C:	weights are adjusted with respect to difference between input and output				
Option D:	weights are adjusted with respect to only output				
5.	If C and D are two fuzzy sets with membership functions: $\mu c(\chi) = \{0.8, 0.5, 0.9, 0.1, 0.1\}$ $\mu d(\chi) = \{0.1, 0.8, 0.2, 0.3, 0.8\}$ then the value of $\mu c \cap \mu d$ will be				
Option A:	{0.1,0.5,0.2,0.1,0.1}				
Option B:	{0.8,0.8,0.9,0.3,0.8}				
Option C:	{0.1,0.8,0.2,0.1,0.1}				
Option D:	{0.8,0.8,0.2,0.3,0.8}				
6.	For Neuron, if w1=2, w2= -1 and input vector X=[0.8 1.2] and desired output d= 1, Determine value of T .				

Option A:	T= 1			
Option B:	T= 0			
Option C:	T= 0.4			
Option D:	T= -0.3			
option 5:				
7.	The coffee is warm. Here linguist variable warm can be represented by:			
Option A:	Crisp Logic			
Option B:	Boolean set theory			
Option C:	Fuzzy logic			
Option D:	Real Number			
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8.	Which of the following phenomena is not modeled by fuzzy set theory?			
Option A:	Randomness			
Option B:	Vagueness			
Option C:	Uncertainty			
Option D:	Certainty			
9.	Which of the following transformations on membership functions of fuzzy sets enhances the membership values?			
Option A:	Dilation			
Option B:	Concentration			
Option C:	Intensification			
Option D:	Fuzzification			
10.	Characteristic features of membership functions are:			
Option A:	Intuition, Inference, Rank Ordering			
Option B:	Fuzzy Algorithm, Neural network, Genetic Algorithm			
Option C:	Core, Support , Boundary			
Option D:	Weighted Average, center of Sums, Median			
11.	Genetic Algorithms are inspired by			
Option A:	Statistical mechanics			
Option B:	Big bang theory			
Option C:	Natural evolution			
Option D:	Deployment theory			
12.	What is a way of representing individual genes in genetic algorithm?			
Option A:	Conversion			
Option B:	Encoding			
Option C:	Coding			
Option D:	Decoding			
13.	Which operator in genetic algorithm performs exploration of search space and also preserves diversity?			
Option A:	Crossover			
Option B:	Mutation			
Option C:	selection			
Option D:	encoding			
14.	In Particle Swarm Optimization ,each particle is made up of			

Option A:	Gbest and lbest values				
Option B:	X-vector,P-vector,V-vector				
Option C:	Only its location information				
Option D:	Only V-Vector				
15.	In Particle Swarm optimization ,particle represents				
Option A:	Initial position values				
Option B:	Local best values				
Option C:	A solution in search space				
Option D:	Global best values.				
16.	Which will be correct statements describing antigens in NIS?				
Option A:	Antigens are created by human body.				
Option B:	Antigens destroys foreign particles like viruses, bacterias etc.				
Option C:	Antigens are nothing but bacteria, viruses etc.				
Option D:	Antigens are type of Lymphocyte.				
17.	Identify correct statement for Lymphocyte theory				
Option A:	T-cells are matured in bone marrow.				
Option B:	Plasma cell is B type Lymphocyte.				
Option C:	T cells are meant to find antigens.				
Option D:					
18.	Antibodies are created by type of Lymphocyte.				
Option A:	T- cell				
Option B:	B- cell				
Option C:	Plasma Cell				
Option D:	Memory cell				
19.	In CLONALG algorithm, which of the following is true				
Option A:	Only self-affinity is tested				
Option B:	Only Non-self-affinity is tested				
Option C:	Both self and Non- self- affinity are tested				
Option D:	Clone affinity is tested.				
20.	pheromone is produced by and is				
Option A:	Lymphocyte, evaporates with time				
Option B:	Queen Ant, evaporates with time				
Option C:	T-Cell, increases with time				
Option D:	Ants, evaporates with time				

Q2	Solve any Four out of Six (5 marks each)					
А	Explain various membership functions used in fuzzy systems. Draw suitable diagram and equations.					
В	Explain Genetic algorithms with a flow chart.					
С	Explain Particle Swarm Optimization with a flow chart.					
D	X1 0 -0.5 1 1.5 Identi	X2 -1.2 1.2 0 2 fy W1,	D -1 1 1 1 W2 and	T for given data		
Е	State and explain function of Lymphocyte with its types.					
F	How Ants finds optimal path?					

Q3.	Solve any Two Questions out of Three. (10 marks each)				
Α	Explain Max-Min and Max-Product Composition with an example.				
В	Describe Error Back Propagation Algorithm in detail with emphasis on weight update mechanism at hidden layer.				
С	X1 X2 0 -1.2 -0.5 1.2 1 0  For a given network Show one Iteration of Hebbian learning Initial weight vector W0 = [ 1 1 -1], Data is as Shown in the table. Note that Hebbian is unsupervised learning so no Desired output is given.				