## **University of Mumbai**

Program: ALL\_Institute Level Optional Course 2

Question Bank

Curriculum Scheme: Rev2016 Examination: BE Semester VIII

Course Code: ILO 8021 and Course Name: PROJECT MANAGEMENT

## **Objective Questions**

Q1.	Choose the correct option for following questions. All the Questions are compulsory and carry equal marks										
1.	Which is an example of Triple Constraint?										
Option A:	Scope, Human Resource, Time										
Option B:	Quality, Scope, Human Resource										
Option C:	Cost, Human Resource, Time										
Option D:	Scope, Cost, Time										
2.	The payback period for a project										
Option A:	is the initial fixed investment in the project divided by the estimated annual net										
	cash inflows from the project.										
Option B:	is the discounted cash flow method determines the net present value of all cash										
	flows by discounting them by the required rate of return										
Option C:	Also known as the benefit–cost ratio										
Option D:	the internal rate of return is the discount rate that equates the present values of										
	the two sets of flows.										
3.	Earliest expected time of completion for an activity is found using										
Option A:	Expected time calculation										
Option B:	Forward Pass method										
Option C:	Backword Pass Method										
Option D:	Crashing										
4.	Why does activities on critical path of a CPM network are called critical										
Option A:	They represent maximum project completion time										
Option B:	They cannot tolerate any delay in completion										
Option C:	They consume maximum rresources										
Option D:	These are most cpmplex activities on project										
5.	The lowest element in the hierarchical breakdown of the WBS is										
Option A:	Deliverable										
Option B:	Work package										
Option C:	Responsibility matrix										
Option D:	Bottoms up budget										
6.	Which of the following technique will ensure that impact of risk will be less?										
Option A:	Risk avoidance technique										
Option B:	Risk Mitigation technique										
Option C:	Risk contingency technique										

Option D:	Risk monotoring technique									
7										
7.	A risk is known as Positive risk or opportunity if-									
Option A:	Impact is positive which you may want to actualize									
Option B:	Impact is negative which you want to lesson its impact									
Option C:	Impact is positive which you want to lesson its impact									
Option D:	Impact is negative which you may want to actualize									
8.	A project is overbudget when									
Option A:	CPI > 1									
Option B:	SPI > 1									
Option C:	CPI and SPI > 1									
Option D:	CPI less than 1									
9.	What is a quality audit?									
Option A:	A team meeting dedicated to measuring and examinations.									
Option B:	A quality based inspection of work results.									
Option C:	A structured review of quality management activities.									
Option D:	A meeting with the customer to identify quality requirements.									
1	The state of the									
10.	Most important 4 values identified by PMI are responsibility, respect, fairness, and									
Option A:	sincere									
Option B:	dishonesty									
Option C:	Honesty									
Option D:	workholic									
option B.	WORKHOILE									
11.	Which amongst the following does not comes under Non Numeric Model of Project									
	Selection?									
Option A:	Non Linear Programming									
Option B:	The Scared Cow									
Option C:	The Operating Necessity									
Option D:	The Competitive Necessity									
12										
12.	In which stage of team development the entire team act as a strangers?									
Option A: Option B:	Forming Storming									
Option C:	Norming									
Option D:	Performing									
- r D .										
13.	encompasses the processes used for making sure project									
	procurement is successful									
Option A:	Project Selection									
Option B:	Project Management									
Option C:	Project Resource Management									
Option D:	Project procurement management									
14.	Biggest challenges in leading Multicultural team is									
Option A:	Language Barrier									
Option B:	Cultural Barrier									
Option C:	Building common trust and vision									
Option D:	All of above									
-										

15.	type of Audit is also termed as Inspection								
Option A:	Quality Audit								
Option B:	Risk Audit								
Option C:	Normal Audit								
Option D:	Procurement Audit								
16.	is developed to establish a common understanding of project scope.								
Option A:	Work Based Schedule								
Option B:	Work Based Specifications								
Option C:	Work Breakdown Specifications								
Option D:	Work Breakdown Structure								
17.	Budgeted cost for work performed (BCWP) or earned value is								
Option A:	Perceived Value								
Option B:	Planned Value								
Option C:	Earned Value								
Option D:	Derived Value								
18.	Schedule Performance Index is ratio of								
Option A:	Earned Value / Planned Value								
Option B:	Earned Value / Actual Cost								
Option C:	Planned Value / Derived Value								
Option D:	Spend Value / Earned Value								
19.	Project Life cycle is plotted on 2 dimensional matrix. The dimensions are								
Option A:	Time Line v/s Budget								
Option B:	Time Line v/s Efforts								
Option C:	Efforts v/s Budget								
Option D:	Perceived Value v/s Efforts								
20.	Underestimation of the Project Costs result into								
Option A:	Project Failure								
Option B:	Interest Failure								
Option C:	Investment Failure								
Option D:	Extra Loan arrangement								

## **Subjective Questions**

	y c										
1	Differentiate between the Functional, Pure Project and Matrix organizations.										
2	What are the knowledge areas and process groups in Project Management as per										
	PMI?										
3	What are the numeric and non numeric models of project selection.?										
4	What are the contents of a Project Charter? Who prepares and authorizes the										
	Project Charter?										
5	Explain Probability and impact matrix. What are the risk response strategies for										
	negative risks(threats) and positive risks(opportunities)?										
6											
7											
8	Consider a project comprising of 9 activities with following precedence relationships and durations.										
	Activity A B C D E F G H I J K L										

	Immediate	-	-	Α	Α	А	D	С	D	E, F	B, I	G,	J, K
	predecessor											Н	
	Duration in	4	8	2	4	9	1	7	3	2	2	5	4
	weeks												
	Draw the network and find the critical path. (05)												
	List the total float, free float and independent float for all the activities. (05)												
9	What is a contract? What does it include? What are centralized and decentralized									alized			
	contracts? Explain their advantages and disadvantages.												
10	List and briefly	desc	ribe tl	ne wa	ys pro	ojects	may t	e ter	minat	ed. W	hat ar	e som	e non
	technical reasons for project termination?												
11	Compare the top down budgeting and bottoms up budgeting.												
12	What are the functions of risk register?												
13	Differentiate between projects and operations.												
14	Describe differe	• •			termi	nation	s.						
15	What is critical path method?												
16	Explain the con-												
17	Explain the role		,										
18	Describe the use						f exan	ıple.					
19	Explain various		of nor	n-num	eric m	odels.							
20	Write short note on												
	<ul><li>a) Project Auditing.</li><li>b) Phases of project life cycle.</li></ul>												
	b) Fliases of pro	ject II.	ie cyc	ie.									
21	Explain Goldratt's Critical Chain Method.												
22	Write a role on project procurement management; explain the purpose and steps involved									volved			
	for the same.												
23	Define Probabil	ity and	l Impa	ict Ma	trix. E	Explain	briefl	y.					